Exhibit 14

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Page 1
             IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
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         FOR THE SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF WEST VIRGINIA
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     THE CITY OF HUNTINGTON,
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               Plaintiff,
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                                         CIVIL ACTION
     vs.
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                                         NO. 3:17-01362
     AMERISOURCEBERGEN DRUG
     CORPORATION, et al.,
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               Defendants.
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     CABELL COUNTY COMMISSION,
               Plaintiff,
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13
     vs.
                                       CIVIL ACTION
                                       NO. 3:17-01665
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     AMERISOURCEBERGEN DRUG
     CORPORATION, et al.,
15
               Defendants.
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              Videotaped and Zoom video conference
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     deposition of JAMES RAFALSKI taken by the Defendants
     under the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure in the
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     above-entitled action, pursuant to notice, before
     Jennifer Vail-Kirkbride, a Registered Merit
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     Reporter, on the 11th day of September, 2020.
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millions you've actually reviewed?

- A. Yes, I have not reviewed any of them.
- Q. None of the initial orders, none of the follow-up orders; correct?
 - A. No, sir.

- Q. So you did not personally determine whether any of the flagged orders when you look at them, you actually consider them to be suspicious; correct?
- A. Well, I think the fact that they are identified by the trigger, the algorithm, makes -- makes them not a suspicious order.
- Q. Okay. Did you individually review any of them to see if you just looked at the order on its face whether you would consider it to be suspicious?
 - A. No, sir.
- Q. Did you individually look at any of them to consider just based on the information you had about the actual order whether you would consider it to be likely to be diverted?
 - A. Can you say that one more time, please.
- Q. Sure. Did you look at the individual orders to consider whether based on the information actually reflected in the individual orders, you would make the judgment that there were likely to be

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diverted?

A. If -- just so I understand what you're asking, if you are definitively asking me to tell you a specific order was diverted, uhm, I cannot do that. And that -- that was not part of how the evaluation done and it was -- it was, basically, you know, outside of -- of what I -- what I would do. You know, the volume of orders and the totality of the lack of due diligence didn't require me to look at a specific order one by one.

That would have been in my time with the DEA, that would not have ever been something I did at the DEA. So, no, I didn't -- I didn't go in and look at each specific order. I relied on the trigger, the methodology, to identify those orders when ran against the transactional data.

- Q. My question is actually much simpler. Did you look at any of the individual flagged orders to come to a judgment in your view as to whether when you actually look at the order and the details of the order, you believe that it was likely to be diverted?
- A. I don't want to be argumentative, but I think you're asking two different questions, so --

or two -- it's kind of a compound question. First, the algorithm's applied to the data and that's what triggers the order. That's what brings it to my report or triggers it and identifies it. Then subsequent to that would -- you're asking about the evaluation of that specific order.

Q. No, I am asking actually what's intended to be a really simple question so maybe I can reframe it.

You've got tens of millions of orders you identify here; right?

A. I do.

- Q. Did you look at any of those tens of millions of orders in terms of the actual facts of those orders to make a judgment that as to any one of those tens of millions of orders, looking at the order itself you believe that order is likely to be diverted?
- A. There -- I cannot definitively look at one specific order and tell you that specific order was diverted, if that's your question. I did not do that and I couldn't -- I did not do that and I could not do that.
 - Q. That's not my question. What I'm asking is

Page 285 understand one aspect of your flagging methodology, 1 2 please. Exhibit A identifies tens of millions of 3 orders; correct? Α. 4 Yes. And do I have your testimony correct that 5 you believe every single one of those orders are 6 likely to be diverted? 7 I quess, I think I answered this 8 earlier. If you -- if that question means that you 9 10 are asking me to definitively -- to tell you 11 definitively that every one of those orders, 12 individual orders were diverted, I don't -- I can't 13 do that, but my opinion is based on the lack of due diligence, the systemic lack of due diligence, that 14

O. All of them?

more likely than not they were.

- A. More likely --
- 18 Q. -- all of the millions were likely
- 19 | diverted?

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- A. More likely than not; yes, sir.
- Q. And where is that diversion occurring?
- A. I don't understand that question. In a geographic area of my evaluation of the -- the

24 | distributors' distributions.

- Q. Where in the distribution process is that diversion occurring?
 - A. Uhm, from the distributor to the pharmacy.
- Q. So it's your testimony that there's diversion of tens of minimums of pills between ABDC, Cardinal, and McKesson and their pharmacies. That's where the diversion is occurring?
- A. I'm saying more likely than not. Those -so -- just so we're clear on this, those, the
 flagging mechanism or the algorithm that flags those
 orders, those are orders that were -- were sent from
 each distributor to pharmacies in Cabell and
 Huntington. The first order based on the total lack
 of due diligence, the totality of all the due
 diligence, that it's more likely than not that those
 orders were diverted; yes, sir.

MR. SCHMIDT: Move to strike as nonresponsive.

Q. My question is where in the distribution chain is the diversion occurring or is the diversion more likely than not occurring? Is it at the pharmacy level? Is it at the level once the prescriptions have been dispensed? Is it between McKesson and the pharmacy they're getting diverted?

Where is it?

- A. Well, the diversion would occur without the -- with the absence of due diligence, a diversion would occur through the dispensing at the pharmacy and then subsequently on the street.
- Q. Okay. And do you know of these tens of millions of orders that you say are reasonably likely to be -- that are likely to be diverted, do you know how many of them you believe the diversion is occurring on the street versus at the time of dispensation?
 - A. No, sir.
- Q. Do you know if it's 100 percent on the street or less?
 - A. I do not know, sir.
- Q. And when you say you believe they're likely to be diverted, you keep using -- sounds to me like a legalistic phrase, "more likely than not," what does that mean?
- A. It's a -- it's a probability. It's -- you know, there's more likely than not [audio distortion] something greater -- something greater than -- than percentage-wise, it's more likely than not that it's going to occur. I don't know that it

is defined by any specific percentage, but it's just a statement if -- to look at something, would it be diverted or not. My opinion would be more likely that it would than it wouldn't, based on my review.

- Q. And are you literally saying at some level greater than 50 percent?
 - A. I don't apply a percentage to it.
- Q. Is there any math you did to say more likely than not 51 percent chance they're going to be diverted versus 49 percent versus something else?
- A. No, my opinion is based on my review of the conduct of the three distributors and the fact that they conducted no due diligence or very limited due diligence. The policies, email communications, their conduct.

Further -- further, when I reviewed the actual suspicious orders that they identified with using their own systems, I didn't see, uhm, sufficient due diligence. In many cases I saw no due diligence. So in a totality of all of those circumstances, I make -- I draw to the opinion that it was more likely than not that those orders were diverted.

MR. SCHMIDT: Move to strike

everything after no as completely nonresponsive.

Let me ask you respectfully, sir, just to focus on my questions because I don't want to have to ask for more time.

- Q. Is there any kind of special analysis you did of these orders that lets you say there's a 50 percent chance they are going to be diverted, there's 25 percent chance, there's a 75 percent chance?
- A. Well, my special analysis was the review I did of all of the records and all of the documents to draw my conclusion. I didn't do any specific analysis to put a percent on it, if that's your question.
- Q. That's my question. Thank you. Did you make any effort to trace these orders into the Cabell County market to see if there was actual diversion corresponding to these orders?
- A. To -- to actually -- as I -- as I stated earlier, I didn't -- I can't definitively say that any specific order was diverted. I did not conduct any type of an investigation or review to try to identify any specific orders. Back to my DEA experience in the cases that I worked and the

circumstances, community circumstances, DEA quota levels, changes in prescribing practices, anything like that; correct?

A. Correct.

- Q. And so if Doctor McCann were given just this example, August and everything after August would be flagged; correct?
 - A. Yes, sir.
- Q. And you would say that August and everything after August would be likely to be diverted; correct? Under your 51 percent, more likely than not rationale; correct?
- A. Well, it's -- I didn't say 51 percent. And if I'm using Methodology A with the due diligence assumption, if the 10,100 was not investigated, if there was no due diligence, the trigger is -- identifies the order.

The size, it could be 100, we settled on because we don't do it a pill at a time or it could be a million would stop the order, and if there is no due diligence to clear that, more likely than not independent of the size, any of those subsequent orders could be subject to diversion because the -- the -- there was no investigation to

Page 301 rule out they could be diverted. 1 2 MR. SCHMIDT: Move to strike as 3 totally nonresponsive. Let me just break down what I'm trying to 4 5 ask you and ask you to focus on my question. Under Method A, August would be 6 7 flagged; correct? Α. Yes. 8 9 Ο. And every month after August would be flagged; correct? 10 11 Α. Yes. 12 Q. Every month after August would be flagged 13 without looking at the diligence files; correct? Just based on the assumption. 14 15 There would be -- there would be no 16 diligence. So I don't -- I don't anticipate --17 Ο. Will you answer my question. 18 Α. I cannot answer that question because it --Do you know that Doctor McCann did not 19 Ο. 20 review diligence files? 21 I do not believe he did. 22 Okay. So when he flagged September, 23 October, November, December, and into Year 2, that's not based on diligence file review; correct? 24

- A. No, that's based on his running of the algorithm as directed by me or requested by me.
- Q. Okay. And under the algorithm, once an order is flagged, everything is flagged; correct?

 Because of an assumption; correct?
 - A. That Doctor McCann ran; yes, sir.
- Q. Okay. When you look at just this data, can you tell me that the August order is more likely than not, likely to be diverted?
 - A. Yes.

- Q. Okay. Can you tell me that the September order is more likely than not, likely to be diverted?
- A. Applying my standard, which is based on my review of the due diligence records and the totality of records, August 1st-- this August order would be not cleared, no due diligence, then every subsequent order would be more likely than not diverted.

MR. SCHMIDT: Move to strike as nonresponsive.

Q. I'm asking you, sir, just based on these numbers, just look at the same thing Doctor McCann looked at, just these numbers, can you tell me just based on these numbers that August Year 1 is more